JERSEY CITIZENS ADVICE BUREAU LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

DIRECTORS

Mrs N Adamson Ms K Jeggo Mr T Perestrelo Mr D Wood Ms L Le Brocq Mrs N Bennett Mrs A King Mrs J Garbutt Mr P Perchard

SECRETARY

Mrs N Bennett

REGISTERED OFFICE

The Annexe St Pauls Community Centre New Street St Helier Jersey JE2 3WP

AUDITORS

Alex Picot Chartered Accountants 95/97 Halkett Place St Helier Jersey JE1 1BX

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

INCORPORATION

The company was incorporated on 11 June 2012 in Jersey, Channel Islands with the registration number 110844. It was incorporated as Jersey Citizens Advice Bureau Limited and it was decided to be limited by Guarantee and governed by Companies (Jersey) Law.

ACTIVITIES

The company is established for the benefit of the community in the Bailiwick of Jersey by the advancement of education, the protection of health and the relief of poverty, sickness and distress.

The company is a Public Benefit Entity in accordance with section 34 of FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

MISSION STATEMENT

We provide free, independent, confidential and impartial information and advice that Islanders need for the problems they face.

We champion the rights of individuals and promote equality and justice for all.

RESULTS

The results for the year are set out on page 6.

DIVIDEND

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020.

DIRECTORS

The directors during the year were as follows:

Ms K Jeggo Mrs N Adamson Mr T Perestrelo Mr S Clipp (resigned 4 June 2020) Mr D Wood Ms L Le Brocq Mrs N Bennett Mrs A King (appointed 4 June 2020) Mrs J Garbutt (appointed 4 June 2020) Mr P Perchard (appointed 4 June 2020)

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The directors are required to prepare financial statements for each financial year under the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991. As permitted by applicable legislation the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law. The financial statements are required to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES (continued)

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the requirements of applicable legislation. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website.

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report) of which the company's auditors are unaware and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Messrs Alex Picot, have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Mrs N Adamson CHAIR

June 2021



95-97 Halkett Place St. Helier, Jersey Channel Islands JE1 1BX

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF JERSEY CITIZENS ADVICE BUREAU LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Jersey Citizens Advice Bureau (the "company") for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise Income and Expenditure account, Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its net income for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.



95-97 Halkett Place St. Helier, Jersey Channel Islands JE1 1BX

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF JERSEY CITIZENS ADVICE BUREAU LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept;
- returns adequate for the audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement pages 1 and 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud:

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

During our audit we assessed the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements as a result of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations (irregularities), including fraud. Based on our understanding of the company and its environment, together with discussion with senior management where appropriate, we were able to identify those laws and regulations which would have a direct effect on the financial statements as well as those which may have an effect on amounts in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. These included, but were not limited to, Jersey Company Law as well as general legislation applicable to a business operating in Jersey, such as Data Protection requirements, Employment Law and Health and Safety Regulation. The risks arising from these laws and regulations were discussed amongst the audit engagement team, including consideration as to how and where fraud might occur.



95-97 Halkett Place St. Helier, Jersey Channel Islands JE1 1BX

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF JERSEY CITIZENS ADVICE BUREAU LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

Based on our assessment, the Engagement Partner ensured that the audit engagement team was composed appropriately with suitable competence and capabilities in order to allow identification and recognition of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The risks identified were communicated to all engagement team members who remained alert during the course of the audit for any indication of irregularities, including fraud.

Our procedures in response to the risks identified included the following:

- Enquiry of management, including consideration of known or suspected instances of noncompliance with laws and regulation or fraud;
- Review all available minutes of meetings held by those charged with governance;
- Performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- In common with all audits carried out under the ISAs(UK), we carried out procedures in response to the threat of management override, including those considering the
- appropriateness of journal entries and judgements made in making accounting estimates;
- Review for any changes to activities which the company undertakes;

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures above and, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it. In addition, the risk of not detecting material misstatement due to fraud is higher than detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example forgery, collusion or intentional misrepresentations. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect all non-compliance with laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <u>www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</u>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Article 113A of the Companies (Jersey) Law, 1991. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Donald Connolly for and on behalf of Alex Picot Chartered Accountants

2021

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

			2020		2019
	Note £	£	£	£	
INCOME					
Grants: Health and Community Services Departme AA Rayner Fund Jersey Online Directory Grant Social Security Department Tenants Deposit Scheme	nt	230,409 30,000 40,606 12,000 10,500 323,515		224,134 19,000 39,500 12,000 10,500	305,134
Bank deposit interest Donations			246 47,161 370,922		612 26,100 331,846
			570,522		551,040
EXPENDITURE					
Wages and social security Rent and rates Insurance N A C A B Subscription Heat, light and water Telephone Advertising Printing and stationery Postage Depreciation Cleaning Maintenance of equipment and premises Computer maintenance Sundries AGM expenses Professional fees Audit fees Travel expenses Training costs JoD costs Bank fees	11 11	216,925 36,016 1,318 1,685 1,758 6,640 4,316 353 599 4,523 2,346 879 8,038 4,322 1,238 15,000 5,250 - 1,620 13,192 35		208,457 32,860 1,273 1,650 1,562 4,484 695 1,773 599 3,969 2,220 141 7,616 3,510 1,471 15,000 5,250 841 226 22,767 70	
			326,053		316,432
NET OPERATING INCOME FOR THE YEAR			44,869		15,414
RESERVES BROUGHT FORWARD			294,664		279,250
RESERVES CARRIED FORWARD			339,533		294,664

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

		2020			2019
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	3		15,870		17,999
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors and prepayments Cash at bank and in hand		5,577 390,453 396,030		9,707 377,698 387,406	
CREDITORS : Amounts falling due within one year Creditors and deferred income	4	72,367		110,741	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			323,663		276,665
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			339,533		294,664
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
SHARE CAPITAL	5		-		-
RESERVES	6		339,533		294,664
			339,533		294,664

Approved by the Directors on

2021.

..... Director

..... Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Jersey Citizens Advice Bureau Limited is a company limited by guarantee and incorporated in Jersey, Channel Islands. The company's principal place of business, which is also its registered office, is The Annexe, St Pauls Community Centre, New Street, St Helier, Jersey JE2 3WP. The principal activity of the company is described in the report of the directors.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have been applied consistently throughout the year and to the preceding year.

2.1 Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention in compliance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' ('FRS 102'), adopting the disclosure and presentational requirements of Section 1A Smaller Entities, and Companies (Jersey) Law, 1991, as amended.

2.2 Grants

Grants are brought to the credit of income and expenditure account when they are due to the company.

2.3 Income

Income arising from donations and bank deposits are brought to the credit of the income and expenditure account when due to the company.

2.4 Donated assets and donations in kind

Donated assets are recognised at cost and credited in the period when entitlement to the assets is known.

Donated services are included as part of 'Donations' at their estimated value to the company when received, and under the appropriate expenditure heading depending on the nature of service provided, at the same value and time.

2.5 Depreciation

Depreciation is charged in all fixed assets on a straight line basis, calculated to write each asset down to its estimated residual value over its expected useful life at the following annual rate:

Leasehold improvements	-	10.00%
Office equipment	-	20.00%
Office directory	-	33.33%

2.6 Volunteers

A great amount of time is donated during the year by the many volunteers, the value of which is not reflected in these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.7 Financial Instruments

The company has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

(a) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at the market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

(b) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities including trade and other payables and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(c) Impairment

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying value and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

3.	FIXED ASSETS	Leasehold Improvements I £	Office Equipment £	Online directory £	Total £
	Cost At 1 January 2020 Additions	4,814	- 52,028 2,394	_ 34,167 _	91,009 2,394
	At 31 December 2020	4,814	54,422	34,167	93,403
	Depreciation At 1 January 2020 Charge for the year At 31 December 2020	822 481 1,303	38,021 4,042 42,063	34,167	73,010 4,523 77,533
	Net book value		42,003	34,167	
	At 31 December 2020	3,511	12,359		15,870
	At 31 December 2019	3,992	14,007		17,999

4.	CREDITORS : Amounts falling due within one year	2020 £	2019 £
	Sundry creditors and accruals Deferred income	12,422 59,945	12,987 97,754
		72,367	110,741

5. SHARE CAPITAL

Jersey Citizens Advice Bureau Limited is limited by guarantee of the members and as such does not have share capital. Each member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company, if it should be wound up while they are a member or within twelve months after they cease to be a member, such amount not exceeding one pound sterling as may be required for payments of the debts and liabilities of the company contracted before they cease to be a member.

6.	RESERVES	Income & expenditure reserve	Capital reserve	Project reserve	Total
	Analysis of the Reserves is as follows:	£	£	£	£
	Balance brought forward at 1 January 2020 Operating income for the year	200,067 44,869	71,650 -	22,947 -	294,664 -
	Balance at 31 December 2020	244,936	71,650	22,947	339,533

Note: the capital reserve is intended to cover any outstanding liabilities (e.g. rent, salaries, etc) in the event that the company is forced to wind-up. The project reserve is designed to designate funds specifically for the purpose of continuing to make enhancements to the digital service delivery channels as new technological advancements become available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

7. **FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS**

Following an agreement entered on 15th January 2018, the total of future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods are set out below:

	2020 f	2019 f
Operating leases which expire:	_	_
Within one year	28,429	28,429
In the second to fifth year inclusive	24,613	53,042
Greater than five years	-	-
		01 471
	53,042	81,471

8. AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES DURING THE YEAR

The average number of employees and officers of the company during the year was 16, including officers. (2019: 15)

9. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

In the opinion of the directors the company has no ultimate controlling party.

10. GOING CONCERN

The company is dependent upon the continued support of Health and Community Services ("H&CS") and The Social Security Department of the Government of Jersey. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and has the continued support of H&CS.

The present grant agreement with H&CS expires on 31 December 2021 and the grant for 2022 has not been agreed at the date of signing these financial statements. However, the directors are of the opinion that there are no indications at present why the 2022 grant will not be paid. The existing service level agreement with H&CS is in place until 31 December 2022.

Having taken account of the above the directors are of the opinion that the company should continue to produce its financial statements on a going concern basis. In making this assessment they have had due regard to the adequacy of the undertaking for the provision of financial support by the H&CS.

11. DONATED SERVICES

Included within expenses is an audit fee of £5,250 (2019: £5,250). The actual fee charged has been discounted by £3,500 (2019: £3,500). Also included within expenses is a fee for professional services of £15,000 (2019: £15,000). The actual fee charged has been discounted by £15,000. These discounts are recognised in donations income in accordance with the company's accounting policies (note 2.4).